

The Employers' Chamber of Commerce (Inc.)

(trading as Canterbury Employers' Chamber of Commerce)

Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023



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Directory

Registered Number

219159

Registered Office

57 Kilmore Street CHRISTCHURCH

Board Members

Paul Deavoll (President)

Benjamin Badger (Vice President) Jenni Callaghan (Vice President)

Andrew Dallison Andrew Logie Charlotte Sullivan Erin Black Glenn Hansen Grant Walker

Mark Allan Oliver Hunt

Auditors

BDO Christchurch Audit Limited

CHRISTCHURCH

Bankers

Westpac Banking Corporation

WELLINGTON

ANZ Banking Group WELLINGTON

Solicitors

Anderson Lloyd CHRISTCHURCH

Taylor Shaw Ltd CHRISTCHURCH



Consolidated Statement of Service Performance

CORE PURPOSE

We foster an inclusive business environment, making it easier for businesses and their people to thrive, by connecting them through our network, developing their capability, and ensuring that their voices have influence.

We are committed to responsible business behaviour and proactively encourage our members to engage in best business practices in relation to positive social and environmental outcomes.

MISSION

Our mission is to be the best business partner for our members. We deliver on that mission through our programmes and services, providing advisory and consultancy support in employment relations, human resources, health and safety, international trade, manufacturing, research and development grants, training and development, and events to inspire, inform and educate our members. The Chamber also provides a voice for the local business community and advocates for policies that will help shape and enable a local and national business environment that promotes innovation, productivity and economic growth.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES	2022/2023	2021/2022
Connecting through our network		
Paid-up direct member organisations	1570	1620
Event attendees	4427	1642
Developing capability		
Training attendees	650	704
Responsible Business Behaviour Carbon Zero Emissions	Toitū accredited	Toitū accredited
Championing Business Interests		
Media engagements on advocacy issues	154	322
Member Satisfaction		
Annual Member Survey: how likely are you to recommend The Chamber?	90% very likely or somewhat likely	86% very likely or somewhat likely





Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue from non-exchange transactions		*	,
Revenue from exchange transactions:			
Subscriptions		1,572,637	1,477,494
Trading Revenue		1,641,315	2,657,097
Sponsorships		373,800	371,765
Commissions received		32,941	32,607
Other Revenue	4	96,966	145,243
Total Operating Revenue		3,717,659	4,684,206
Operating Expenditure			
Administration & Office Expenses		605,842	353,789
Audit Fee		22,000	19,388
Trading Expenses		469,022	761,810
Building & Facilities Expenses		76,627	71,756
Business NZ and Chamber Levies		261,590	260,519
Computing & Internet		362,908	252,862
Depreciation	6	190,746	193,017
External Communications		91,067	82,975
Insurance		30,282	29,702
Personnel Expenses		2,309,985	2,314,720
KiwiSaver Employer contributions		51,348	48,403
Travelling & Vehicle Expenses		30,500	9,724
Total Operating Expenditure		4,501,919	4,398,665
***************************************		(784,260)	285,541
Share of surplus of equity-accounted joint venture	11	(13,269)	4,301
Deficit Before Taxation Expense		(797,529)	289,842
Tax Expense on Non-member Activities	5	MATERIAL MAT	
Deficit for The Year		(797,529)	289,842
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year, Net of Tax	6	(589,829)	,
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		(1,387,358)	289,842

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements





Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

	Accumulated Revenue and Expense	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Total
Balance 30 June 2021	4,498,221	4,297,025	8,795,246
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	289,842	¥	289,842
Balance 30 June 2022	4,788,063	4,297,025	9,085,088
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	(797,529)	(589,829)	(1,387,358)
Balance 30 June 2023	3,990,534	3,707,196	7,697,730





Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	\$	\$
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	6	6,629,760	7,387,850
Equity accounted Joint Venture	11	8,821	22,091
Total Non-Current Assets		6,638,581	7,409,941
Current Assets			
Trade and Other Receivables	7	373,550	377,181
Prepayments		18,160	68,362
Cash and Bank Balances	8	1,607,009	2,464,387
Investments		324,914	316,005
Total Current Assets		2,323,633	3,225,935
Total Assets		8,962,214	10,635,876
Equity and Liabilities			
Reserves			
Revaluation Reserve		3,707,195	4,297,025
Accumulated Revenue and Expense		3,990,533	4,788,063
Total Equity		7,697,728	9,085,088
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	9	290,890	350,743
Employee Liabilities		199,760	237,110
Deferred Revenue	10	710,234	883,371
Goods and Services Tax Payable		63,602	79,564
Total Current Liabilities		1,264,486	1,550,788
Total Equity and Liabilities		8,962,214	10,635,876

The accompanying notes form part of the consolidated financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

LT Watson

Chief Executive

25 September 2023

P Deavoll

President

25 September 2023





Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	\$	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		·	
Receipts from Members and Customers		3,341,867	4,394,452
Sponsors		182,466	230,463
Commission Received		32,941	32,607
Interest Received		41,080	8,466
GST		(15,962)	15,129
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(4,408,376)	(4,176,292)
Cash Generated from Operations		(825,984)	504,825
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Term Deposits		(8,909)	(316,005)
Gain on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		**********	30,873
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(22,485)	(62,516)
Net Cash used in/generated by Investing Activities		(31,394)	(347,648)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(857,378)	157,177
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		2,464,387	2,307,210
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	8	1,607,009	2,464,387

The accompanying notes form part of the Financial Statements





Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is The Employers' Chamber of Commerce (Inc.) ('The Chamber') and its wholly owned controlled entities, Champion Canterbury Ltd and CECC Management Training Ltd (the 'Group'). The Employers' Chamber of Commerce is a New Zealand incorporated society registered under the Incorporated Societies Act 1908. The entity is a not-for-profit orientated entity.

2. Basis of Preparation

The financial statement has been prepared in accordance with New Zealand generally accepted accounting practice ("NZ GAAP"). The Group is eligible to apply Tier 2 Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards on the basis that it does not have public accountability and it is not a large not-for-profit public benefit entity.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

3.1. Statement of Compliance and Reporting Framework

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Tier 2 Public Benefit Entity (PBE) standards and disclosure concessions have been applied.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, with the exception of land and buildings, which are revalued to fair value with sufficient regularity that carrying amounts approximated fair value at each reporting date, and at least every two to three years.

Accounting policies are selected and applied in a manner which ensures that the resulting financial information satisfies the concepts of relevance, reliability, and fair value, thereby ensuring that the substance of the underlying transactions or other events is reported.

The functional currency of The Chamber and presentation currency of the group is New Zealand Dollars (NZD) rounded to the nearest dollar.

3.2. Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of The Chamber and entities controlled by the Group and its controlled entities. Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the investee;
- · is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Chamber reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When The Chamber has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Chamber considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Chamber's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of The Chamber's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by The Chamber, other vote holders or other parties;
- · rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and





any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that The Chamber has, or does not have, the current
ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at
previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a controlled entity begins when The Chamber obtains control over the controlled entity and ceases when The Chamber loses control of the controlled entity. Specifically, income and expenses of a controlled entity acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive revenue and expense from the date the Group gains control until the date when The Chamber ceases to control the controlled entity.

The following specific accounting policies which materially affect the measurement of financial performance and financial position have been applied:

3.3. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates, and other similar allowances.

For this reporting period, and future periods, the accrual basis has been adopted for recognising income from subscriptions and all trading income.

Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Non-exchange transactions are those where the Group receives an inflow of resources but provides no (or nominal) direct consideration in return. There were no non-exchange transactions in the current financial year.

Revenue for exchange transactions

- 3.3.1. Subscription revenue is recognised at the point a member starts or renews a membership subscription through the payment of a subscription. The subscription revenue is recognised over the term of the membership.
- 3.3.2. Trading revenue is recognised according to the form of contract under which the revenue is derived.
 - Contracts for the provision of services over a period of time set out in the contract are treated as being delivered on an equal basis over the term of the contract and the revenue under the contract is spread equally over the term of the contract
 - Revenue for the attendance at a specific event or training offering is recognised after the event or training is delivered
- 3.3.3. Management fees are recognised over the time for which the services were provided consistent with the percentage of completion under PBE IPSAS 9.
- 3.3.4. Interest is accounted for on an accruals basis. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.
- 3.3.5. Commissions are usually advised by a third party and are recognised when the amount receivable is of a high level of certainty.
- 3.3.6. Sponsorship revenue is recognised according to the form of contract under which the revenue is derived.
 - Contracts for sponsorship of events and marketing are treated as being recognised at the date of the event or marketing being undertaken.
 - Contracts for general sponsorship are spread over the term of the contract.

3.4. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.





Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3.5. Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' (FVTPL), 'held-to-maturity' investments, 'available-for-sale' (AFS) financial assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

3.5.1. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment. This includes short term deposits.

3.5.2. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate.

3.5.3. Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been negatively affected.

3.5.4. Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

3.6. Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at FVTPL' or 'other financial liabilities'.

3.6.1. Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.6.2. Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.





3.7. Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings held for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and accumulated in equity. A decrease in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is recognised in surplus or deficit to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that class of asset.

Properties in the course of construction for administrative purposes are carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant, and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation on revalued buildings is recognised in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued property, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the property revaluation reserve is transferred directly to accumulated revenue and expenses.

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the diminishing value method.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Depreciation has been charged at the following rates:

Asset Category

Plant and Equipment Motor Vehicles Buildings **Depreciation Method and Rates**

8.5 – 60% DV 36% DV 2 – 17.5% SL

There are no assets held under finance leases.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in surplus or deficit.

3.8. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense and Statement of Financial Position have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis except for Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable which are GST inclusive.

3.9. Loans and Receivables

Loans and Receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Bad debts are written off as and when incurred.





Provision for doubtful debts are created when there is sufficient evidence that accounts may not be recovered. Loans and receivables consist of accounts receivable and cash and cash equivalents.

3.10. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently at amortised cost.

3.11. Employee Benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits expected to be wholly utilised within twelve months of reporting date are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

There are no long-term benefits accruing to employees, due to the contractual arrangements with employees.

3.12. Significant Management Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with PBE accounting standards requires judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenue, and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

3.13. Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting policy during the current financial year.





4. Other Revenue

The following is an analysis of the Group's Other Revenue

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Interest – loans and receivables	42,395	8,758
Management Fees	47,089	105,348
Gain on disposal of property, plant, and equipment		30,873
Sundry Income	7,482	264
	96,966	145,243

5. Taxation Expense

There is no tax or deferred tax expense with the Group in the financial year (2022: Nil).

6. Property Plant and Equipment

Carrying values of:	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Freehold Land	3,250,000	3,650,000
Buildings	3,250,000	3,568,895
Plant and Equipment	85,153	119,791
Motor Vehicles	31,465	49,164
Website WIP	13,142	#:
	6,629,760	7,387,850

Cost or Valuation	Freehold Land at Valuation	Building at Valuation	Plant and Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
Balance 30 June 2022	3,650,000	4,365,900	719,831	82,272	8,818,003
Work in progress			13,142	04. St. 2522	13,142
Additions	2	Α.	9,343	-	9,343
Disposals		=		-	-
Revaluation	(400,000)	(189,829)	2	12	(589,829)
Balance 30 June 2023	3,250,000	4,176,071	742,316	82,272	8,250,659

Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	Freehold Land at Valuation	Building at Valuation	Plant and Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
Balance at 30 June 2022	H	(797,004)	(600,040)	(33,109)	(1,430,153)
Disposals	¥	1 1 1	100000		````
Depreciation Expense	2	(129,067)	(43,981)	(17,698)	(190,746)
Balance 30 June 2023	#J	(926,071)	(644,021)	(50,807)	(1,620,899)

The Group's freehold land and buildings are stated at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The fair value measurements of the Group's freehold land and buildings as at 30 June 2023, 2021, 2019 and 2016 were performed by Jones Lang LaSalle, independent valuers, not related to the Group. Jones Lang LaSalle are members of the Institute of Valuers of New Zealand, and they have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the fair value measurement of properties in the relevant locations.





7. Trade and Other Receivables

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Trade Receivables	374,129	380,934
Allowance for Doubtful Debts	(579)	(3,753)
	373,550	377,181

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents,

Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the reporting period comprise the following:

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Petty Cash Imprest	200	600
Bank - Current Accounts	1,606,809	2,463,787
Cash and Bank Balances	1,607,009	2,464,387
Bank Overdrafts		-
	1,607,009	2,464,387

9. Trade and other payables

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Trade payables	124,933	124,921
Other payables	165,957	225,822
	290,890	350,743

10. Deferred Revenue

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Subscriptions	618,212	615,066
Covid-19 Funding	*	123,540
Training and Events Registrations	28,198	101,765
Sponsorship	48,774	43,000
Other	15,050	-
	710,234	883,371





11. Controlled Entities and Related Parties

Details of the Group's material-controlled entities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

2022	Ownership %	Control / Voting Power %	Profit or loss for year	Balance Due to/(from) Parent
Champion Canterbury Ltd	100	100	(8,095)	61,363
Collaborate Canterbury Ltd	100	100	0	0
CECC Management Training Ltd	100	100	0	0

2023	Ownership %	Control / Voting Power %	Profit or loss for year	Balance Due to/(from) Parent
Champion Canterbury Ltd	100	100		-
Collaborate Canterbury Ltd	100	100	0	0
CECC Management Training Ltd	100	100	0	0

Champion Canterbury Limited operates the annual "Champion Canterbury Business Awards".

Collaborate Canterbury Limited provided services to New Zealand Trade and Enterprise, by way of assisting businesses to collaborate on the rebuild of Christchurch. The contract with New Zealand Trade and Enterprise was completed on 30 June 2018.

There was no remuneration paid to non-executive members of the Board for the year ended 30 June 2023. (2022: Nil).

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect The Chamber would have adopted in dealing with the party at arms' length in the same circumstances.

Joint Ventures

The Group holds joint control over the following joint venture, which is accounted for using the equity method.

Canterbury Regional Business Partners Ltd is a company set up to provide services on behalf of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment, and Callaghan Innovation, by way of providing support, funding, and referrals for firms wishing to grow their business and their research and development capabilities. The agreement has been renewed until June 2025. The Chamber provides agreed personnel and services to the joint venture and receives payment for these services at agreed rates.

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Ownership	50%	50%
Control / Voting Power	50%	50%
Surplus for year	(26,539)	8,602
Joint Venture Transaction Details	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Regional Partner fees received	376,458	347,376
Trade Receivables	33,291	35,473
Invoices are due 20th of month following issue. No interest	is charged on overdue accounts.	Annual Control





12. Key Management Personnel

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Number of key management personnel (FTE)	4.9	3.9
Compensation for Key Management Personnel		
Short-term employee benefits	802,933	619,586
Total Compensation for Key Management Personnel	802,933	619,586

13. Financial Instruments

	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Financial Assets		
Cash and bank balances	1,931,922	2,780,392
Trade and Other Receivables	347,361	377,181
	2,279,283	3,157,573
Financial liabilities		
Trade payables	124,933	124,921
Other Payables	236,127	225,822
	361,059	350,743

The Group holds 15% ownership of Business New Zealand Incorporated ('BNZ') at nil cost. The Group pays BNZ the annual levy at \$254,105 during the year (2022: \$254,105). The investment in BNZ is held at cost (\$nil) as it does not have a quoted market price and its fair value cannot be reliably measured.

14. Events Subsequent to Reporting Date

There have been no significant events subsequent to reporting date that require adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Nil

16. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 September 2023.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE EMPLOYERS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE INCORPORATED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial report of The Employers Chamber of Commerce Incorporated ("the Society") and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated financial statements on pages 5 to 17, and the consolidated service performance information on pages 4. The complete set of consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, consolidated statement of changes in net assets/equity, consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion the accompanying consolidated financial report presents fairly, in all material respects:

- the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2023, and (of) its consolidated financial performance, and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the consolidated service performance for the year ended 30 June 2023, in accordance with the Group's service performance criteria,

in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime ("PBE Standards RDR") issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)) and the audit of the consolidated service performance information in accordance with the ISAs and New Zealand Auditing Standard (NZ AS) 1 *The Audit of Service Performance Information (NZ)*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand)* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

BDO Christchurch Limited is an ordinary member of the Canterbury Chamber of Commerce. Other than this we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Society or any of its subsidiaries.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information contained in the consolidated financial report but does not include the consolidated service performance information and the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated service performance information and consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated service performance information and consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated service performance information and the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Report

Those charged with governance are responsible on behalf of the Group for:

- a) the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements and consolidated service performance information accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards RDR issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board;
- b) service performance criteria that are suitable in order to prepare service performance information in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards RDR; and
- c) such internal control as those charged with governance determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and consolidated service performance information that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial report those charged with governance are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless those charged with governance either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and the consolidated service performance information are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) and NZ AS 1 will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate or collectively, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of this consolidated financial report.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial report is located at the XRB's website at

https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards/assurance-standards/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-13/

Who we Report to

This report is made solely to the Society's members, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the abbreviation and the abbreviation's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

BDO Christchurch Audit Limited

BDO Christchurch Audit Limited Christchurch New Zealand 25 September 2023